

Leben Statt Therapeutischer Akrobatik Nichtmedika

Palliative Begleitung bei Menschen mit Demenz
Attachment Disorganization
Attachment Issues in Psychopathology and Intervention
Leben statt therapeutischer Akrobatik
Hypertension in Postmenopausal Women

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Palliative Begleitung bei Menschen mit Demenz Routledge
Was macht „gutes“ Sterben bei Menschen mit Demenz aus? Was können Pflege- und Betreuungskräfte tun, um die letzte Lebensphase einfühlsam und kompetent zu gestalten? Die palliative Begleitung Demenzbetroffener ist eine besondere Herausforderung für die Mitarbeiter in der Pflege und Betreuung. Achtsamkeit und Menschlichkeit sind ebenso erforderlich wie kompetentes Fachwissen und praktische Strategien. Dieses Buch zeigt, welche Besonderheiten die letzten Lebenswege von Menschen mit Demenz häufig kennzeichnen, wo ihre wichtigsten Bedürfnisse liegen und was Pflegenden, Betreuenden und Angehörigen für die bestmögliche Versorgung tun können.

Attachment Disorganization Springer Science & Business Media

To be a human being (or indeed to be a primate) is to be attached to other fellow beings in relationships, from infancy on. This book examines what happens when the mechanisms of early attachment go awry, when caregiver and child do not form a relationship in which the child finds security in times of uncertainty and stress. Although John Bowlby, a psychiatrist and psychoanalyst, originally formulated attachment theory for the express purpose of understanding psychopathology across the life span, the concept of attachment was first adopted by psychologists studying typical development. In recent years, clinicians have rediscovered the potential of attachment theory to help them understand psychological/psychiatric disturbance, a potential that has now been amplified by decades of research on typical development. *Attachment Issues in Psychopathology and Intervention* is the first book to offer a comprehensive overview of the implications of current attachment research and theory for conceptualizing psychopathology and planning effective intervention efforts. It usefully integrates attachment considerations into other frameworks within which psychopathology has been described and points new directions for investigation. The contributors, who include some of the major

architects of attachment theory, link what we have learned about attachment to difficulties across the life span, such as failure to thrive, social withdrawal, aggression, anxiety, depression, bipolar disorder, dissociation, trauma, schizo-affective disorder, narcissistic personality disorder, eating disorders, and comorbid disorders. While all chapters are illuminated by rich case examples and discuss intervention at length, half focus solely on interventions informed by attachment theory, such as toddler-parent psychotherapy and emotionally focused couples therapy. Mental health professionals and researchers alike will find much in this book to stimulate and facilitate effective new approaches to their work.

Attachment Issues in Psychopathology and Intervention Guilford Press

On the occasion of the symposium on Hypertension in Postmenopausal Women (Monte Carlo, January 19-22, 1994), international scientists and clinicians discussed the various aspects of high blood pressure in older women. This volume presents an overview of this important aspect of both cardiology and gynecology. Special emphasis is given to the different approaches to antihypertension treatment.

Leben statt therapeutischer Akrobatik Schlütersche VerlagsGmbH & Co. KG

Since 1986, when disorganized attachment was first defined by Mary Main and Judith Solomon, a great deal of interest has been shown in this addition to the standard Ainsworth classification system. This groundbreaking volume brings together eminent researchers and clinicians to present current, original theory and data on the nature of disorganized attachment, its etiology, and its sequelae. Contributors report on the social, psychological, and biological contributions to disorganization. Longitudinal findings are presented on developmental outcomes in middle childhood; special populations are examined, including children with disabilities; and new assessment methodologies are described. Advancing our understanding of a significant subgroup of infants and children with attachment-related difficulties, the volume represents an important contribution to the empirical attachment literature.

Hypertension in Postmenopausal Women Schlütersche